

rechnung_betragundphase_umkehrintegrator

Student Group

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$U_A = -\frac{1}{R} \int_0^t \frac{dU_E(t)}{dt} + U_{A0}$	insert sine function	$U_E(t) = \hat{U}_E \sin(\omega t)$	
$U_A = -\frac{1}{R} \int_0^t \sin(\omega t) dt + U_{A0}$	insert root function with limits	$\int_0^t \sin(a x) dx = [-\frac{1}{a} \cos(a x)]_0^t$	
$U_A = -\frac{1}{R} \int_0^t \cos(\omega t) dt + U_{A0}$	put constant before integral		
$U_A = \frac{1}{\omega R} \cos(\omega t) - \frac{1}{\omega R} \cos(\omega t_0) + U_{A0}$	insert limits	$t_0=0, t_1=t$	
$U_A = \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega R} (\cos(\omega t) - \cos(\omega t_0)) + U_{A0}$	$\cos(0) = 1$		
$U_A = \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega R} (\cos(\omega t) - 1) + U_{A0}$	multiply		
$U_A = \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega R} (\cos(\omega t) - 1) + U_{A0}$	consider the non-cosine terms		
$U_A = \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega R} (\cos(\omega t) - 1) + U_{A0}$	This part is independent in time. Since we assume purely sinusoidal quantities, the for the initial voltage of the capacitor must be:	$U_{C0} = U_{A0} = \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega R}$	
$U_A = \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega R} (\cos(\omega t) - 1) + U_{A0}$			
$U_A = \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega R} (\cos(\omega t) - 1) + U_{A0}$			

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