

task_8a117vmnbbmsbfz3_with_calculation

Student Group

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magnetostatic, magnetic field lines, exam ee2 SS2024

Exercise E6 Magnetic Field Lines (written test, approx. 6 % of a 120-minute written test, SS2024)

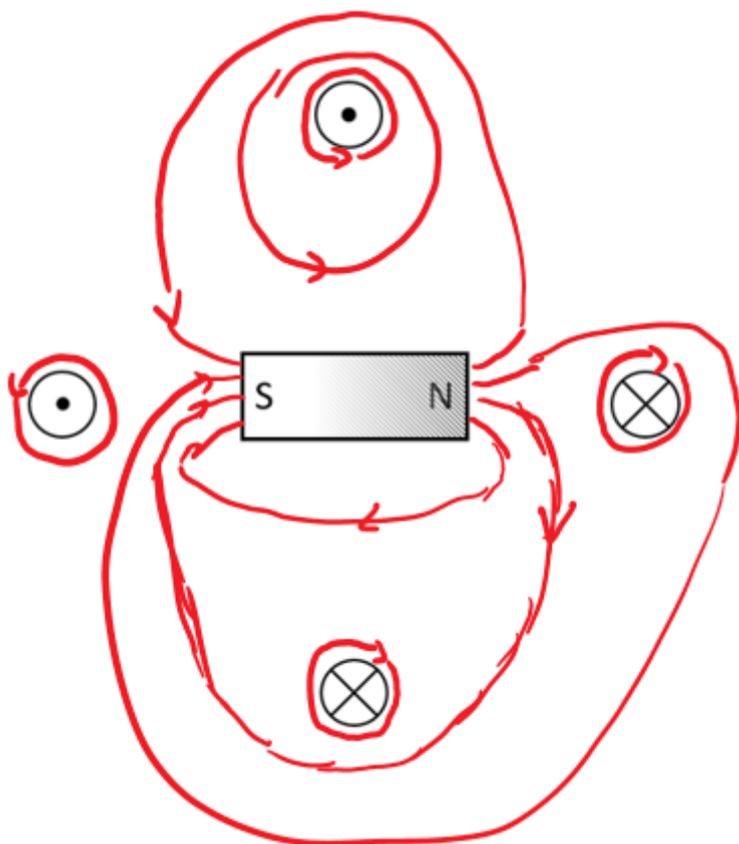
The following setup illustrates how a permanent magnet affects the H-field, based on the fundamental definition of the H-field.

- Four conductors are located perpendicular to the plane of the diagram

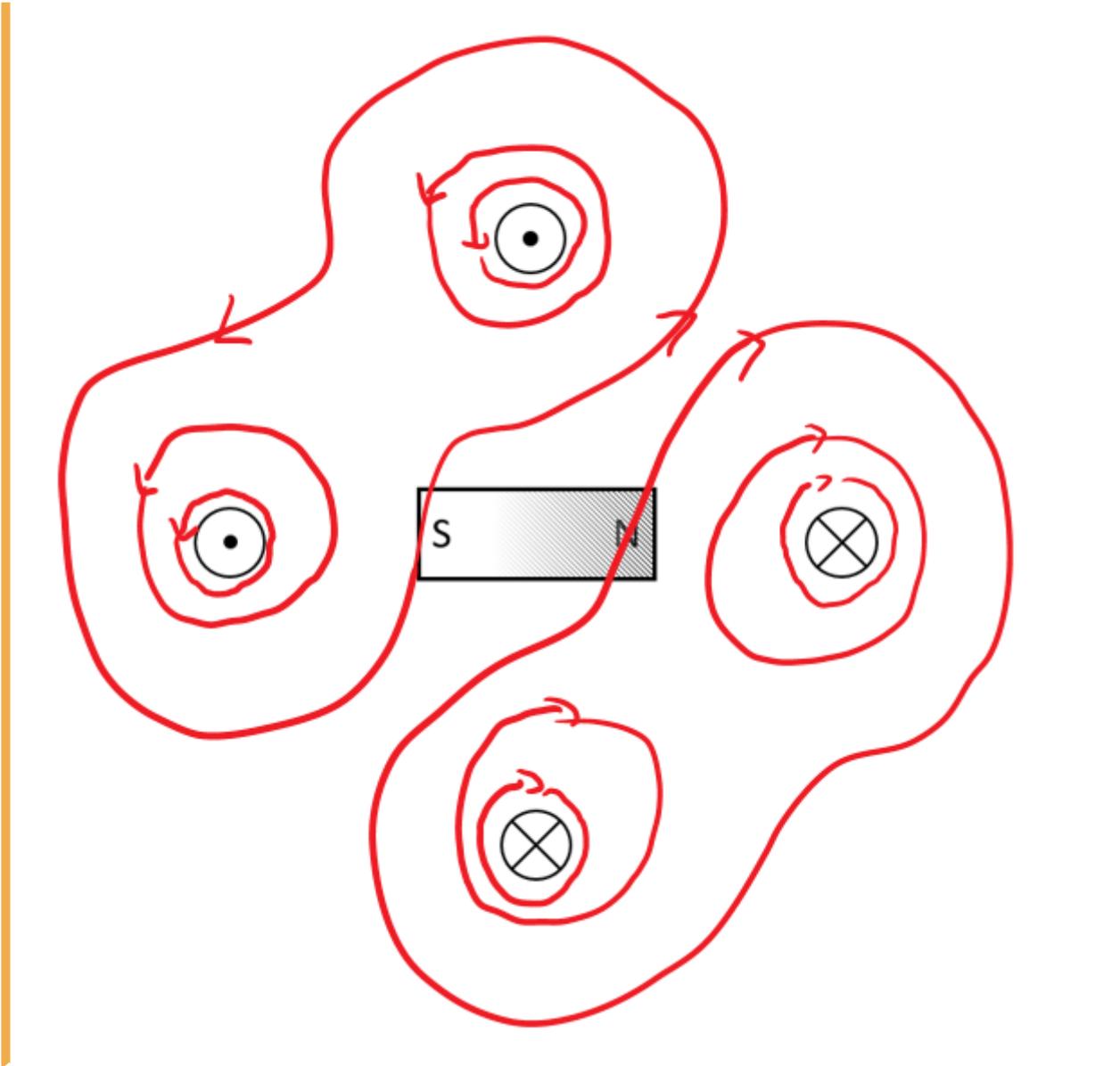
Result: All of them conduct a current with the same magnitude, but not in the same direction.

- A permanent magnet is located in between the conductors.

- The H-field is defined by currents $\oint \mathbf{H} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = \sum I$.
- In the permanent magnet, there are no free currents.
- The bound currents (of the permanent magnet) create also an H field.
- This exits on the north pole and enters the magnet on the south pole (similar to the B-field)
- $\mathbf{H} = \mathbf{B} / \mu_0$
- The H-field from task 1 gets distracted



st 10 field lines of the H-field
and density for the shown



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