

3. Linear sources and dipoles

Student Group

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Gegeben sind folgende Gleichungen

$U_A = f(U, E)$	mit III.	test
$U_A = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C$	mit II. und I.	$\int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C \cdot 1 \cdot dt = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C dt$
$U_A = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C$	mit V.	$\int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C \cdot 1 \cdot dt = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C dt$
$U_A = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C$	mit IV.	$\int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C \cdot 1 \cdot dt = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C dt$
$U_A = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C$	Ausklammern	$\int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C \cdot 1 \cdot dt = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C dt$
$U_A = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C$	Integrationskonstante betrachten	$\int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C \cdot 1 \cdot dt = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C dt$
$U_A = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C$	mit VI. und II.	$\int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C \cdot 1 \cdot dt = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C dt$
$U_A = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C$	Konstante vorziehen	$\int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C \cdot 1 \cdot dt = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C dt$
$U_A = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C$		$\int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C \cdot 1 \cdot dt = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C dt$
$U_A = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C$		$\int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C \cdot 1 \cdot dt = \int_{-U_D}^{-U_C} U_C dt$

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